



AMENDMENT

✓  
Please amend the application as follows:

In the specification:

✓  
Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 5, line 24, submitted in a Preliminary Amendment on May 7, 2001, with the following rewritten paragraph:

C1 -- Figure 5 shows aligned amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOs: 2, 5-8) of five  $\beta$ -glycosidases from hyperthermophilic archaea. The abbreviations of the sources of the enzymes are: BGPh,  $\beta$ -glycosidase from *P. horikoshii* (SEQ ID NO: 2); BMPH, a  $\beta$ -mannosidase gene homolog from *P. horikoshii* (8,9)(SEQ ID NO: 5); BGPf,  $\beta$ -glucosidase from *P. furiosus* (17)(SEQ ID NO: 6); BMPf,  $\beta$ -mannosidase from *P. furiosus* (17)(SEQ ID NO: 7); S  $\beta$ -gly,  $\beta$ -glycosidase from *Sulfolobus solfataricus* (18)(SEQ ID NO: 8); and the Consensus sequence (SEQ ID NO: 9). The conserved residues, identified automatically by the GeneWorks program, are shown in the open boxes. The reversed open triangles indicate the location of the nucleophile (E324) and the putative acid/base catalyst (E155 and H111) with R75 in the spatial proximity of the nucleophile of BGPh. The arrow shows the prominent deletion of more than 30 residues found in BGPh. --

In the claims:

✓  
Please cancel claims 1-2 and 12-13.

✓  
Please add claims 14-27.

C2 *Surge* -- 14. A method for using a thermophilic enzyme as a  $\beta$ -glycosidase, comprising: providing an enzyme, wherein the enzyme comprises SEQ ID NO:2 and the enzyme forms a tetramer, in which each subunit of the tetramer comprises the amino acid residues of SEQ ID NO:2; and contacting the enzyme with a substrate, under conditions, wherein the enzyme functions as a  $\beta$ -glycosidase on the substrate.